

MAKING SENSE OF THIS WORLD

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R&R Weekly Column
By Brunello Rosa



The Tech Takeover: The Musk-Thiel Presidency Is About To Begin

Last week we analyzed the initial appointments made by US President-elect Donald Trump, assessing their potential policy directions. Among these appointments, the nomination of Representative Matt Gaetz for Attorney General stood out as particularly contentious, even for a figure as polarizing as Trump. Gaetz, who was under investigation by the House Ethics Committee, has since withdrawn from consideration, citing insufficient support for Senate confirmation. Subsequently, Trump nominated former Florida Attorney General Pam Bondi to the position. Bondi is expected to pursue similar objectives, such as addressing the legal challenges involving Trump personally, but without the controversies associated with Gaetz.

In related developments, Special Counsel <u>Jack Smith announced his resignation</u>, preempting his potential dismissal by the incoming administration. Similarly, <u>SEC Chairman Gary Gensler stated that he will resign on January 20, 2025</u>, coinciding with Trump's inauguration. Trump's expressed intention to position the US as a global cryptocurrency hub and implement significant deregulation in the sector contrasts sharply with Gensler's regulatory approach over the past few years.

Regarding the Treasury Secretary appointment, the final contenders were Scott Bessent and Howard Lutnick. <u>Elon Musk reportedly favored Lutnick</u>, viewing Bessent's previous association with Soros Fund Management as indicative of mainstream economic ties. Ultimately, Trump appointed <u>Lutnick as Commerce Secretary</u>, responsible for the new tariffs regime, <u>and Bessent as Treasury Secretary</u>. Unlike Trump's other appointments, the choice of Bessent is a less controversial choice for this sensitive role.

Some media outlets interpreted this as <u>Musk's first setback in the high-profile leadership dynamics within the incoming administration</u>. Reports suggest that Musk, who has been appointed to lead the newly formed Department of Government Efficiency, is exerting significant influence over Trump's decisions, <u>with some describing him as a "co-president."</u> Despite potential conflicts of interest due to his ownership of companies like SpaceX and Starlink, <u>Musk is reportedly considering appointing personnel from his own enterprises to positions within NASA</u>.

As the post-election landscape becomes clearer, it is evident that tech magnates <u>such as Elon Musk and Peter Thiel are playing pivotal roles in shaping the administration</u>. Musk was a major donor to Trump's campaign, contributing approximately \$200 million, and <u>facilitated Trump's return to the social media platform X (formerly Twitter)</u>, which Musk owns, from which the former president had been expelled for his incendiary messages. Trump himself has acknowledged Musk's indispensable role, stating, "<u>I can't get him out of here</u>."

Peter Thiel, co-founder of PayPal and founder of Palantir Technologies—a company financed and utilized by the US intelligence community—has supported the political rise of Vice President-elect J.D. Vance.

It is anticipated that Musk and Thiel will pursue objectives aligned with their corporate interests, potentially prioritizing deregulation to benefit tech companies. This trend reflects a historical pattern in US politics, where Big Business, whether it be steel, coal, banking, etc., has exerted significant influence. The emergence of antitrust laws, such as the Sherman Act of 1890, was a response to such dominance. As Mark Twain is often paraphrased: "History doesn't repeat itself, but it often rhymes."

Our Recent Publications

- Russia-Ukraine Conflict Escalates Further: Where From Now?, by Marco Lucchin, 21 November 2024
- France: Shaky Debt Sustainability Aggravates Political Instability, by Shahed Hassanaly, 20 November 2024

A Fragile Future: Medium-Term Challenges to China's Growth Ambitions, by Nato Balavadze, 19 November 2024

BRICS+: Shifting Global Economic Power and the Path to DeDollarization, by Nato Balavadze, 14 November 2024





Looking Ahead

The Week Ahead: QoQ GDP To Advance In US And France; EZ Headline Inflation Rate To Increase

In the US, in Q2, according to the second estimate, GDP growth rate is expected to advance by 2.8% y-o-y (p: 3.0%). In Q3, PCE and core PCE prices are likely to ease off to 1.5% g-o-q (p: 2.5%) and 2.2% g-o-q (p: 2.8%).

In the EZ, in November, headline inflation rate is seen increasing to 2.4% y-o-y (p: 2.0%). In November, Consumer Confidence is seen shrinking to -13.7 (p: -12.5). Among the largest EZ economies, in Q3, according to the final estimate, GDP growth rate is expected to rise by 0.4% q-o-q (p: 0.2%) in France.

The Quarter Ahead: Bessent As Treasury Secretary; COP29 Agrees On Carbon Credits; Russia To Continue Testing New Missiles President-elect Trump nominated investor Scott Bessent as Treasury secretary, ending speculation over the key role. Wall Street welcomed the pick, seeing Bessent, as a market-savvy advocate for tax reform and deregulation, potentially easing tariff concerns. At COP29, countries agreed on global carbon credit market rules to fund projects combating climate change, finalizing a decadelong effort. The deal includes a UN trading system launching next year and a bilateral framework for direct country trades. Russia to continue testing new missile in combat. Putin announced Russia's new Oreshnik hypersonic missile was successfully tested in Ukraine and more tests will follow. Ukraine, citing the threat, is working with allies to develop countermeasures.

Last Week's Review

Real Economy: Headline Inflation Increased In EZ And UK; PMIs Rose In US, While Edged Down In EZ And UK

In the US, In November, S&P Global Manufacturing and Services PMI edged up to 48.8 (*c*: 48.8; *p*: 48.5) and 57.0 (*c*: 55.2; *p*: 55.0). In the EZ, in October, headline inflation rate increased to 2.0% y-o-y (*c*: 2.0%; *p*: 1.7%), whereas core inflation rate remained at 2.7% y-o-y as expected. In November, according to the flash estimates, consumer confidence contracted to -13.7 (*c*: -12.4; *p*: -12.5). In November, HCOB Manufacturing and Services PMIs fell to 45.2 (*c*: 46.0; *p*: 46.0) and to 49.2 (*c*: 51.8; *p*: 51.8) respectively. Composite PMI also decreased to 48.1 (*c*: 50.0; *p*: 50.0)

Among the largest EZ economies, GDP growth rate advanced marginally by 0.1% q-o-q (c: 0.2%; p: -0.3%) and contracted by -0.3% y-o-y (c: -0.2%; p: -0.3%) in Germany.

In the UK, in October, headline and core inflation rate rose to 2.3% y-o-y (*c*: 2.2%; *p*: 1.7%) and to 3.3% y-o-y (*c*: 3.1%; *p*: 3.2%) respectively. In October, retail sales decelerated to 2.4% y-o-y (*c*: 3.4%: *p*: 3.2%). In November GfK consumer confidence is likely to shrink by -22 (*p*: -21.0). In November, S&P Global Manufacturing and Services PMIs declined to 48.6 (*c*: 49.9; *p*: 50.0) and to 50.0 (*c*: 52.0; *p*: 52.0). Accordingly, Composite PMI edged down to 49.9 (*c*: 51.8; *p*: 51.8).

Financial Markets: Stock Prices Mixed; Yields Declined; Dollar Edged Up; Oil And Gold Prices Increased

Market Drivers: In the US, major stock indexes rose, recovering some losses despite uncertainties over Trump administration policies and rising Russia-Ukraine tensions. The US Treasury yields fell Tuesday as tensions escalated, while Europe's main stock index hit a three-month low, driven by Russia's lowered nuclear strike threshold, pushing investors toward safer assets.

Global Equities: Increased *w-o-w* (MSCI ACWI, +1.4%, to 854.13). The US S&P 500 index increased (+1.7% w-o-w, to 5,969.34). In the EZ, share prices decreased (Eurostoxx 50, -0.1% w-o-w, to 4,789.95). In EMs, equity increased (MSCI EMs, +0.2%, to 1,087.27). Volatility declined to 16.07 (VIX S&P 500, 52w avg.: 15.6; 10y avg.: 18.8).

Fixed Income: w-o-w, the 10-year US Treasury yields fell (-3 bps to 4.41%). The 2-year US Treasury yields decreased (-7 bps to 4.38%). The German 10-year bund yields edged down (-10 bp to 2.25%).

FX: w-o-w, the US Dollar Index increased (DXY, +0.8%, to 107.5; EUR/USD -1.1%, to 1.04). In EMs, currencies decreased (MSCI EM Currency Index, -0.1% w-o-w, to 1,744.84).

Commodities: w-o-w, oil prices increased (Brent, +5.8% to 75.17 USD/b). Gold prices increased w-o-w (+5.8% to 2,718.20 USD/Oz).



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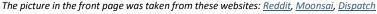
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Abbreviations, Acronyms and Definitions

а	Actual	LN	Northern League, Italy
AKP	Justice and Development Party, Turkey	M5S	Five Star Movement, Italy
ann.	annualized	m-o-m	Month-on-month
ARS	Argentinian Peso	mb	Million barrels
avg.	Average	mb/d	Million barrels per day
bn	Billion	MENA	Middle East and North Africa
ВоС	Bank of Canada	MHP	Nationalist Movement Party, Turkey
BoE	Bank of England	mn	Million
BoJ	Bank of Japan	MPC	Monetary Policy Committee
bpd	Barrels per day	NAFTA	North-American Free Trade Agreement
bps	Basis points	NATO	North Atlantic Treaty Organization
BS	Balance sheet	OECD	Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development
с	Consensus	Opec	Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries
C/A	Current account	р	Previous
CB	Central bank	Р2Р	Peer-to-peer
CBB	Central Bank of Bahrain	PBoC	People's Bank of China
CBK	Central Bank of Kuwait	PCE	Personal Consumption Expenditures
CBT	Central Bank of Turkey	PE	Price to earnings ratio
CDU	Christian Democratic Union, Germany	PM	Prime minister
CNY	Chinese Yuan	PMI	Purchasing managers' index
CPI	Consumer Price Index	pps	Percentage points
DJIA	Dow Jones Industrial Average Index	pw	Previous week
DJEM	Dow Jones Emerging Markets Index	QCB	Qatar Central Bank
d-o-d	Day-on-day	QAR	Qatari Riyal
DXY	US Dollar Index	QE	Quantitative easing
EC	European Commission	q-o-q	Quarter-on-quarter
ECB	European Central Bank	RE	Real estate
ECJ	European Court of Justice	RBA	Reserve Bank of Australia
EIA	US Energy Information Agency	RRR	Reserve Requirement Ratio
EM	Emerging Markets	RUB	Russian Rouble
EP	European Parliament	SWF	Sovereign Wealth Fund
EPS	Earnings per share	tn	Trillion
EU	European Union	TRY	Turkish Lira
EUR	Euro	UAE	United Arab Emirates
EZ	Eurozone	UK	United Kingdom
Fed	US Federal Reserve	US	United States
FOMC	US Federal Open Market Committee	USD	United States Dollar
FRB	US Federal Reserve Board	USD/b	USD per barrel
FX	Foreign exchange	UST	US Treasury bills/bonds
FY	Fiscal Year	VAT	Value added tax
GCC	Gulf Cooperation Council	VIX	Chicago Board Options Exchange Volatility Index
GBP	British pound	WTI	West Texas Intermediate
GDP	Gross domestic product	WTO	World Trade Organisation
IMF	International Monetary Fund	W	Week
INR	Indian Rupee	W-0-W	Week-on-week
IPO	Initial public offering	у	Year
IRR	Iranian Rial	y-o-y	Year-on-year
JPY	Japanese yen	y-t-d	Year-to-date
k	thousand	ZAR	South African Rand
KSA	Kingdom of Saudi Arabia	2y; 10y	2-year; 10-year
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